

THE TEMISKAMING FOUNDATION'S

VitalSigns_®





MESSAGE FROM THE

COMMUNITY SAFETY AND WELL-BEING COMMITTEE



The Timiskaming Community Safety & Well-Being Plan (CSWB) was launched in September 2023 and is a collaborative approach designed to improve the coordination of services and information, advocacy, and ultimately the quality of life, of Timiskaming District residents. CSWB has representation from police services boards, Timiskaming District's 24 participating municipalities, and other local service providers. In addition to the Steering Committee, there are three working groups: Health & Well-Being, Housing & Homelessness, and Community Safety.

As part of the Health & Well-being working group, to increase services and reduce wait times, we have collaborated with the Timiskaming Area Ontario Health Team to develop their 811 service. We also aim to expand the existing 211 service for the region and are working with partners towards developing a Situation Table for South Timiskaming.

The Housing & Homelessness working group aims to increase available and affordable housing options and to create pathways through transitional and supportive housing. We work closely with the DTSSAB Outreach Coordinator as well as the Canadian Mental Health Association Mobile Crisis Response Team.

The Community Safety working group, through a collaboration with the Timiskaming Drug & Alcohol Strategy, continues to develop and strengthen community safety measures through the development of a service directory and tools for police and first responders.

These are just some of the successes that have been reached and the CSWB working groups continue to work towards improving the safety and well-being of the Timiskaming District.

Steve McIntyre & Erin Cowan Co-Chairs, CSWB Committee

Vital Signs® Advisory Network

The following advisors have helped guide the development and process of this Vital Signs® report. They generously contributed their time, resources, and expertise to this project, and we thank them for their support.

Mark Wilson
Vital Signs® Committee Chair

Amanda Mongeon Vital Signs® Committee

Bonnie Sackrider Vital Signs® Committee

Chris Oslund Vital Signs® Committee

Janet Smale Vital Signs® Committee

Johanna Paradis Vital Signs® Committee

Michelle Sowinski Vital Signs® Committee

Ramndeep Bining Vital Signs® Committee

Special thanks to:

Allan Bartlett for his support.

Kevin Carino for developing the Vital Signs Community Survey

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 3 Table of Contents
- 4 Introduction
- 6 Sustainable Development Goals
- 7 A Village of 100
- 8 Survey Methodology
- 9 Survey Demographics
- 10 Health & Well-Being
- 12 Community Safety
- 13 Road Safety
- 14 Housing
- 16 Standard of Living
- 18 Planet Youth
- 20 Community Survey
- 22 Appendix
- 23 References



The Temiskaming Foundation is committed to strengthening community wellbeing. We do this by inspiring giving, by thoughtfully caring for the assets entrusted to us, and by supporting ideas, initiatives and activities that strengthen our communities.

61 Whitewood Ave, Box 1084 New Liskeard ON POJ 1P0

705-647-1055

www.temiskamingfoundation.ca

Charitable BN: 888535465RR0001

VITAL SIGNS® TEAM

Julia Bigelow
Development and Outreach Coordinator

Brigid WilkinsonExecutive Director

Cover Photo: Micheal Werner

Vital Signs® is a community check-up conducted by community foundations across Canada that measures the vitality of our communities and identifies significant trends in a range of areas critical to quality of life. Vital Signs® is coordinated nationally by Community Foundations of Canada.

The Vital Signs® trademark is used with permission from Community Foundations of Canada.





Our neighbouring community foundations are: Fondation communautaire du Témiskaming (Earlton) and Temagami Community Foundation



instagram.com/ temiskamingfoundation



facebook.com/ temiskamingfoundation



linkedin.com/in/ temiskamingfoundation



WELCOME

The Temiskaming Foundation acknowledges the Algonquin, Anishinaabe and Cree peoples as caretakers of this land and their culture, which we recognize, respect, and support as we live, work, play and create in the region of Temiskaming which we now share.

ABOUT VITAL SIGNS®

Vital Signs® is an evidence-based report used to measure the health and well-being of communities across Canada. It identifies trends, starts conversations, and helps communities act on local priorities. The goal of Vital Signs® is to offer a readable and engaging report that encourages dialogue and action from all segments of a community, including residents, organizations, institutions, and political leaders.

The Temiskaming Foundation produces this report to help connect charitable giving to community needs and opportunities. To learn more, visit https://communityfoundations.ca/initiatives/vital-signs/.

AN UPDATE

This report is divided into key issue areas, but they do not exist in isolation. These topics, along with many others, are all interconnected. We cannot truly understand one without considering its connection to other subjects within our community.

For this update, the indicators were chosen based on the priorities set by the Timiskaming Community Safety and Well-being Plan. We acknowledge the limitations of this report and recognize that it does not provide a complete view of our community. We plan to provide updates for the other focus topics featured in the 2021 report in future Vital Signs® publications. We look forward to engaging with members of our community, and we hope that this work will become part of a broader conversation and movement for change.

To read the full 2021 Vital Signs Report, visit www.temiskamingfoundation.ca/about/publications





ABOUT THE TEMISKAMING FOUNDATION

Sharing in the growth of our community

Founded in 1994, the Temiskaming Foundation (TTF) is part of a network of more than 200 Community Foundations across Canada. Serving the region from Latchford to Kirkland Lake, we have granted over \$6.4 million to local charities and organizations that strengthen and enrich the environment in which we all live, work and play.

As a Community Foundation, our mandate is to help the residents of our area create a better place to live. We do this by managing gifts from donors whose generosity allows us to create permanent endowment funds, as well as flow-through funding to support special projects. The income generated from our investments is granted back to our community for scholarships, special projects and operational funding for charities and non-profit organizations in our District.

Together, we help build strong and resilient communities, investing in our future.

For more information about what we do, please visit: www.temiskamingfoundation.ca



OVER \$6.4 MILLIONGRANTED TO OUR COMMUNITY



30 YEARS OF GIVING



115+
ENDOWMENT
FUNDS



2600+
GRANTS
GIVEN



400+
scholarships



12M+
IN ASSETS







The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are 17 interconnected goals that serve as a blueprint to achieve a better and more sustainable future. Canada is one of 193 countries participating in this United Nations initiative. The goals are a universally shared vision that applies to people and communities everywhere. They provide a shared language to unite communities, provinces, and countries in common action. Visit globalgoals.org for more information.

Find these icons in the report to learn how the SDGs relate to Vital Signs® and key issues in our community.



End poverty in all its forms everywhere



Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all



Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts



End hunger. achieve food security, and promote sustainable agriculture



Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all



Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development



Ensure healthy lives and promote wellbeing for all at all age stages



Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation



Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss



Ensure equitable, quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities



Reduce inequality within and among countries



Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions



Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls



Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable



Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development



Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all



Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

IF THE TIMISKAMING DISTRICT WAS

A VILLAGE OF 100

Based on the 2020 Census, if the Timiskaming District was made up of 100 people, there would be...

GENDER

TIMISKAMING

49
MALES

51 FEMALES

Source: Statistics Canada

CANADA

49

MALES

51 FEMALES

Λ		-
Δ	П	-
П	ч	ь.

	TIMISKAMING	CANADA
0 - 14	16	16
15 - 24	10	11
25 - 64	50	53
65 - 74	14	11
75 - 84	7	6
85 +	3	2

Source: Statistics Canada

TIMISK. / CANADA
48 / 42 MEDIAN AGE
\$38K/\$41K
MEDIAN TOTAL INCOME (INDIVIDUAL)
2.2 / 2.4

MEDIAN FAMILY SIZE

Source: Statistics Canada

INCOME (INDIVIDUAL)

	TIMISKAMING	CANADA
Under \$10,000	7	8
\$10,000-\$29,999	31	27
\$30,000-\$59,999	30	32
\$60,000-\$99,999	18	19
\$100,000 +	10	10
Not Applicable*	3	4

Source: Statistics Canada

CULTURAL ORIGIN*

	TIMISKAMING	CANADA
French	23	11
English	22	15
Irish	20	12
Canadian	19	16
Indigenous Identity	9	5

Source: Statistics Canada

*Numbers may not add up to 100 because people may report more than one cultural origin.

TIMISKAMING / CANADA

87 / 67

SPEAK ENGLISH MOST OFTEN AT HOME 12 / 20

SPEAK FRENCH MOST OFTEN AT HOME

1/13

SPEAK ANOTHER LANGUAGE MOST OFTEN AT HOME 32/18

KNOW ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Source: Statistics Canada

^{*} Numbers may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

METHODOLOGY

The data featured in this report is a combination of results from our Community Survey and secondary data from a range of organizations and sources. For more information about data sources, please refer to the references on page 23.



A total of 321 community members added their voices to the Temiskaming Foundation's Vital Signs® report by providing ratings on each topic area and answering questions about their experiences in our community. They also submitted comments, sharing their thoughts on our community's strengths, challenges, and opportunities, some of which will be shared at the end of this report.

GRADING



Survey participants were asked to rate the issue areas based on the scale below. Ratings were then converted to a numerical scale, with 5 being "Excellent". The average rating is used in the report to compare across issue areas.



Excellent, stay the course



Good, but improvements could be made



Average performance



Below average, more work is required



Failure, immediate action is required

COMMUNITY PERCEPTION SURVEY

The Temiskaming Foundation conducted a community survey based on a voluntary, self-selected respondent population. The general survey was available both online and in hard-copy to all interested individuals in the Timiskaming District from July 11th to August 31st, 2024. The results should be interpreted based on the survey participants and may not be representative of the Timiskaming District overall.

SECONDARY DATA

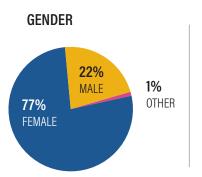
To complement our survey data, this report also features data from secondary sources. We try our best to feature data that is relevant and recent. Due to access and availability constraints, some of the data we used may be outdated or may not reflect the current state of our community.

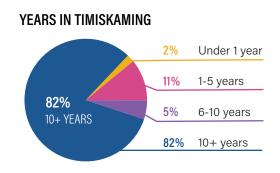
Community Foundations of Canada developed common indicators from institutional sources for Vital Signs® communities to choose from. Timiskaming is a general term that we use to refer to our overall community and may apply to different geographical areas depending on the indicator. Generally, we use Timiskaming District to refer to the census division as defined by Statistics Canada.

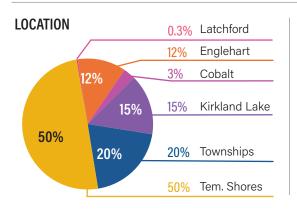
For more information on geographical boundaries, data sources, and full survey results, please visit **temiskamingfoundation.ca/vitalsigns**.

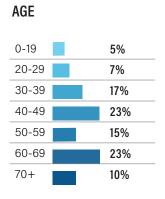
COMMUNITY SURVEY

Community members who participated in the survey assigned a rating or grade to each issue area. The profile below describes some demographic characteristics of the survey respondents.









EMPLOYMENT BY SECTOR

Government/ Public Sector	33%
Private Sector	17%
Retired	25%
Student	15%
Non-profit/ Charity	4%
Not employed	2%
Other	4%

HOUSEHOLD INCOME

< \$20,000	9%
\$20,000 - \$39,999	8%
\$40,000 - \$59,999	12%
\$60,000 - \$79,999	11%
\$80,000 - \$99,999	13%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	25%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	12%
> \$200,000	10%

SCAN FOR FULL SURVEY RESULTS



SURVEY GRADE

HEALTH & WELL-BEING

B

Average rating: 3.59

Vital Signs 2021 survey rating

B-

COMMUNITY SAFETY

Average rating: 2.75

Vital Signs 2021 survey rating

В

ROAD SAFETY

Average rating: 2.76

C

Vital Signs 2021 survey rating

C+

HOUSING

Average rating: 2.9

D

Vital Signs 2021 survey rating

C+

STANDARD OF LIVING

Average rating: 3.4

Vital Signs 2021 survey rating

B-

SURVEY GRADE SCALE

A +	4.8-5.0	C	2.6-2.8
Α	4.4-4.7	C-	2.5-2.7
A-	4.1-4.3	D+	2.2-2.4
B+	3.8-4.0	D	1.9-2.1
В	3.5-2.7	D-	1.6-1.8
B-	3.2-3.4	F	1.5 and
C+	2.9-3.1		lower



HEALTH & WELL-BEING

SURVEY GRADE =

B

COMMUNITY STORY: TIMISKAMING DRUG AND ALCOHOL STRATEGY

In 2021, over 20 individuals representing local organizations, agencies and people with lived and living experience came together to work on a plan to address drug and alcohol use in Timiskaming. This plan is now known as the Timiskaming Drug and Alcohol Strategy (TDAS). The goal of the strategy is to

prevent and reduce harm associated with substance use and to improve the quality of life of all Timiskaming residents. To create a plan that best fits the needs of our community, a survey was conducted to collect advice, feedback and recommendations from the public. The survey was completed by 112 individuals, 46% of whom identified as having lived experience with high-risk substance use or substance use disorder. Through results of the survey and consultation with community stakeholders, four priority areas emerged: prevention, harm reduction, treatment and community safety. The strategy has used these priorities as pillars to their approach and has identified objectives and actions for each area.

Since the plan was established, TDAS has made significant progress in addressing the harms of substance use in our community. Highlights of their progress include launching Planet Youth Timiskaming to prevent early onset of substance use, forming the Timiskaming Substance Use Health Knowledge Network to build knowledge and connections among service providers, building a centralized directory and referral tools for substance use health and related services, and coordinating training, communications, and advocacy efforts for health-ier communities. To learn more, visit www.tdas.ca.

SURVEY RESULTS

60% of respondents said they have access to physical health care in a timely manner.

DISAGREE **27%**AGREE **36%**

NFUTRAL

36% of respondents said they have **access to mental health care** in a timely manner.

NEUTRAL 21%
DISAGREE 43%

75% of respondents said they were able to cope with daily stress.

54% of respondents said they are **physically active** for 6 hours or less per week.

15 HRS + **14%**7-15 HRS **30%**6 OR LESS **54%**DON'T KNOW.. **2%**

COMMUNITY HIGHLIGHT

The Mino M'shki-ki Indigenous Health Team was established in 2018 and aims to provide services that incorporate traditional healing with western medicine. Through offering clinical services, wellness programs and cultural programs, the Mino M'shki-ki Indigenous Health team promotes health and wellness for all people of Indigenous ancestry and their families throughout the entire life cycle.

Source: Mino M'shlo-ki Indigenous Health Team, n.d.



51.3% of Timiskaming residents (12 and over) perceive their *overall health* as very good or excellent. (Ontario: 61.8%)



63.7% of Timiskaming residents (12 and over) perceive their *mental health* as very good or excellent. (Ontario: 64.7%).

Source: Statistics Canada, 2021

SCREEN TIME



48% of *Vital Signs Survey* respondents reported spending 3 hours or more per day on their phones outside of work. 19% spent 3 or more hours on their computers outside of work.

Source: 2024 Vital Signs Survey





87% of teens have a phone in their bedroom at night

Source: Timiskaming Health Unit Planet Youth, 2024

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISIT RATE



There were 23,931 visits to an emergency department (ED) in the Timiskaming District in 2021. This makes Timiskaming's age-standardized emergency department visit rate 806.1 per 1000 population. Our rate is statistically higher than Ontario's rate which is 367.4 per 1000 population.*

*Note that differences in health service delivery (e.g. availability of walk-in clinics) can influence these rates.

Source: Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, 2021.

ACCESS TO A HEALTHCARE PROVIDER

88.7%



88.7% of Timiskaming residents aged 12 and over have a regular healthcare provider compared to 90.6% of residents in Ontario.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2021

MENTAL HEALTH AND ADDICTIONS

Number of incidents related to mental health responded to by OPP in the Timiskaming District:



417 2019 **512** 2020 **552** 2021

Source: Ontario Provincial Police 2021 Progress Report (Temiskaming Shores and Kirkland Lake)

235.7
PER 100,000
POPULATION

In 2021, the rate of ED visits due to *self-harm* in Timiskaming was 235.7 per 100,000 which was *not statistically different from Ontario's rate* of 199.3 per 100,000.

5,130.9 PER 100,000 POPULATION

In 2021, the rate of ED visits due to mental health and substance use disorders in Timiskaming was 5,130.9 per 100,000, which is statistically higher than Ontario's rate of 3,267.9 per 100,000.

Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, 2021

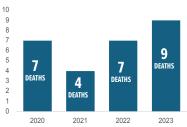
Rate of *ED visits due to opioid poisonings* in the Timiskaming Health Unit (THU) catchment area (2023)

84.7PER 100,000
POPULATION

POPULATION

TIMISKAMING ONTARIO

Number of Deaths Due to Opioid Toxicity in THU Catchment Area



Source: Public Health Ontario Interactive Opioid Tool, 2024

In Timiskaming, Fentanyl (all types) was present in 71% of opioid related deaths.

Timiskaming Health Unit Opioid Surveillance Summary, 2023

In 2024, the Timiskaming Health Unit had **just under 1000** visits/interactions with individuals to provide harm reduction supplies, including naloxone and drug testing kits.

Source: Timiskaming Health Unit, 2024



In 2024, 2,844 naloxone doses were distributed to people in the Timiskaming Health Unit's catchment area. This includes community and pharmacy provided naloxone.

Source: Ontario Drug Policy Research Network, 2024



COMMUNITY SAFETY



COMMUNITY HIGHLIGHT

DTSSAB Paramedicine program

In 2022, the District of Timiskaming Social Services Administration Board (DTSSAB) commenced a Community Paramedicine Program. Community Paramedicine is a healthcare model where paramedics use their training and skill sets to provide healthcare in non-emergency situations. The services provided include home visits, remote patient monitoring, and assisting in wellness clinics across the district. The overall goals of the paramedicine program are to help individuals safely stay at home, provide peace of mind to patients and caregivers, improve quality of life, and ease healthcare demand.

For more information, please visit www.dtssab.com/community-paramedicine

Unit Support Admin Patrol 10% 19% Court 147,985 hours Traffic 9% Court 22% Crime Data Source: Ontario Provincial Police 2021 Progress Report (Temiskaming Shores and Kirkland Lake)

HOW DOES THE OPP SPEND THEIR TIME?

Operational/Special

Victim Services

686 new clients were supported in 2024

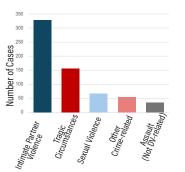


WHERE DO REFERRALS COME FROM?





TOP 5 REASONS FOR ACCESSING SUPPORT:



Tragic circumstances include sudden deaths, fire, motor vehicle accidents etc.

Source: Victim Services of Temiskaming & District, 2024

MUNICIPALITIES ACROSS ONTARIO HAVE DECLARED GENDER-BASED
VIOLENCE AND/OR INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE AN EPIDEMIC

Building a Bigger Wave, Provincial network for VAW Coordinating Committees, 2

DEMOGRAPHICS OF INDIVIDUALS SEEKING VICTIM SERVICES



CHILD/YOUTH ADULT MALE



422 CLIENTS

Source: Victim Services of Temiskaming & District, 2024

TIMISKAMING EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES 2023 CALL VOLUME (ALL BASES):

Code 1: 114 calls Code 2: 115 calls

Code 3: 1360 calls Code 4: 3086 calls

Code 8: 1083 calls

Code 1- Non-Urgent

Code 2 - Patient is stable and needs to attend a scheduled appointment for care.

Code 3 - Urgent calls that could lead to a life-threatening condition, but the patient is presently stable.

Code 4 - Emergent. These calls are emergencies and require immediate, life-saving care. They take the highest priority.

Code 8- Stand By. Patient is stable and may need support and/or transportation to hospital for admission.

Source: District of Timiskaming Social Services Administration Board, 2024

SURVEY RESULTS

85% of respondents said they **felt safe in their home**.

72% of respondents said they **felt safe in their neighbourhood.**

78% of respondents said they knew their neighbours well enough to **ask for help or offer assistance** when needed.

SOMEWHAT 13% NO 1%
YES

YES.....**85**%

YES **78%** SOMEWHAT ... **16%** NO **6%**

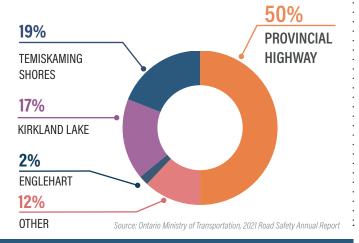


ROAD SAFETY



MOTOR VEHICLE COLLISIONS

In 2021, there were 398 collisions in the Timiskaming District. 50% of collisions occurred on the provincial highway. Almost 1 out of every 5 motor vehicle collisions resulted in injury.



OF COLLISIONS IN TIMISKAMING WERE FATAL IN 2021. (ONTARIO: 0.3%)

COMMUNITY HIGHLIGHT

2+1 Roadway Pilot Project on Highway 11

Through persistent advocacy from Going the Extra Mile for Safety (GEMS) along with various groups including the Federation of Northern Ontario Municipalities and The Ontario Good Roads Association, the Ministry of Transportation is moving forward with a 2+1 Roadway Pilot Project on Highway 11. The 2+1 roadway profile consists of 2 lanes in one direction and one in the opposite direction which alternates every 2-5 km. The opposing lanes are separated by a crash rated median barrier to prevent inappropriate and dangerous passing and head on crashes that often result in fatal and serious injuries.

Source: Northern Policy Institute (2023), Northern Ontario Business (2023)

PRIMARY CAUSE OF COLLISIONS

From 2019-2021, the most common primary cause of motor vehicle collisions in the Timiskaming District was inattention. This includes roadway, off-road, and motorized snow mobile collisions.

> **Inattentive related** collisions **43.4**%

Speed related collisions

26.2%

Animal related collisions

Alcohol related collisions

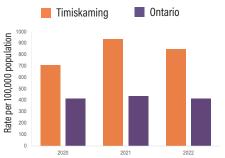
5.2%

Source: Ontario Provincial Police 2021 Progress Report (Temiskaming Shores and Kirkland Lake)

INJURIES FROM VEHICLE COLLISIONS

From 2020-2022, the Timiskaming Health Unit Region had statistically higher age-standardized rates of Emergency Department visits for injuries due to motor vehicle collisions.

Age-standardized rate of injury caused by motor vehicle collisions



In 2022, there were 280 emergency department visits for injuries due to motor vehicle collisions.

visits involved all terrain/snow mobile collisions.

Source: Public Health Ontario, 2023

SURVEY RESULTS

36% of respondents described the safety of municipal roads as average.

62% of respondents described the safety of provincial highways as below average or poor.

41% of respondents described the winter maintenance of roads and highways as average.

GOOD/EXCELLENT	31 %
AVERAGE	36%

BELOW AVG/POOR 33%

GOOD/EXCELLENT 14%

AVERAGE 24% BELOW AVG/POOR 62%

GOOD/EXCELLENT 32%

AVERAGE 41% BELOW AVG/POOR 27%

13

ROAD SAFETY



HOUSING

SURVEY GRADE -

D

COMMUNITY STORY: KEEPERS OF THE CIRCLE MODULAR HOME FACTORY

In 2022, Keepers of the Circle launched a pilot program training six Indigenous women with no previous construction experience to build modular homes. In just 3 months, the women were able to successfully build and install panels for a 480 sq ft. modular passive off-grid home.

Building on the pilot project's success, Keepers of the Circle is establishing an Indigenous women-led modular construction facility and training centre in Kirkland Lake. The facility will produce single, multiplex, and community buildings, incorporating environmentally conscious practices such as building with sustainable non-toxic materials, and including solar, wind and geothermal technologies. The factory will also provide year-round training for local community members, focusing on recruiting Indigenous women and 2SLGBTQQIA+ individuals. Currently, nine women are being trained to build panels for the factory's administrative building, which incorporates culturally meaningful designs. The goal of this project is to address the existing housing challenges experienced across Northern Ontario, while also creating more opportunities for Indigenous Peoples to create meaningful careers in the housing sector.

To read more about this project, visit www.keepersofthecircle.com/modular-factory.

SURVEY RESULTS

SURVEY RES	oulis —
76% of respondents said our community does not have enough affordable senior housing.	YES
86% of respondents said our community does not have enough affordable rental homes.	YES
78% of respondents said our community does not have enough accessible or adaptable housing.	YES 5% SOMEWHAT 18% NO 78%

CORE HOUSING NEED

Core housing need is an indicator that describes housing affordability. A household would be in "core housing need" if they are unable to find a place to live that is in reasonably good condition and is big enough for their household without costing more than 30% of their income.

CORE HOUSING NEED IN TIMISKAMING

In 2021, Timiskaming's rate of core housing need was 10.1%, which is equivalent to 1,375 households.

Rate of Core Housing Need

TIMISKAMING 2021	10.1%	
TIMISKAMING 2016	16.9%	
ONTARIO 2021	12.1%	
ONTARIO 2016		15.3%
CANADA 2021 9.	.8%	
CANADA 2016	12.7	%
	10%	

Source: Statistics Canada, 2021

20%

COMMUNITY HIGHLIGHT

Hope Haven: A Way Forward

In 2022, the Salvation Army opened a new transitional housing program in Kirkland Lake in partnership with DTSSAB and with support from the Ontario Ministry of Housing. The program, "Hope Haven: A Way Forward", is a six-bedroom duplex staffed by the Salvation Army, including caseworkers to help residents learn life skills required to move from homelessness to living on their own. Residents are assisted with accessing support for mental/physical health concerns, getting proper identification, opening a bank account, finding a doctor, putting together a resume and filing their taxes.

Source: The Salvation Army, 2022

Municipalities Under Pressure: The Human and Financial Cost of Ontario's Homelessness Crisis

Homelessness in Northern Ontario has grown **FOUR TIMES FASTER** than in non-northern communities.

Chronic homelessness in Northern Ontario has **NEARLY DOUBLED** since 2022.

There were an estimated **5,377 people in Northern Ontario** who experienced known homelessness in 2024. In 2016, this number was 1,771.

Source: Association of Municipalities of Ontario, 2024

COMPONENTS OF CORE HOUSING NEED

Out of Timiskaming households assessed for housing indicators:



INADEQUATE

Their home is in need of major repairs



UNSUITABLE

Their home is not large enough for the number of people in their household



UNAFFORDABLE

Their home, and any appropriate alternatives are unaffordable

UNAFFORDABILITY FOR RENTERS & OWNERS

Percent of households with unaffordable housing (2021)*





of **renter-households** in Timiskaming

*Based on a shelter-cost-to-income ratio (STIR) of 30%.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2021

in Timiskaming

SENIOR HOUSING

Senior housing encompasses a wide age range and captures individuals with very different housing needs, including long-term care facilities, retirement homes and seniors-only housing.

Timiskaming Senior Population

4,575

PEOPLE AGED 65-74

2,230PEOPLE
AGED 75-84

950 PEOPLE AGED 85+

This shaded area represents the 487
person capacity at the 6 long term care and
retirement homes

This shaded area represents the 146 units available at seniors-only housing



Median Long-Term Care Home Wait Times*

266 DAYS

282 DAYS**
FROM COMMUNITY

- * Average from the 5 long-term care homes in the district
- ** Excludes Northview Nursing Home

Source: Statistics Canada (2021), Health Quality Ontario (2024), Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care (n.d), Temiskaming Shores Seniors Housing Corp (n.d)

TIMISKAMING HOUSEHOLDS (2021)

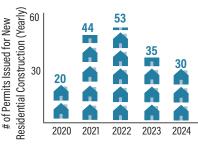


ONTARIO HOUSEHOLDS (2021)



Source: Statistics Canada, 2021

HOME CONSTRUCTIONS



Source: Rural Housing Information System, 2024

^{*} Components are not mutually exclusive, and will not add up to 100%.

Source: Statistics Canada. 2021



SCAN TO DONATE TO THE

STANDARD OF LIVING



SCHOOL NUTRITION FUND

SURVEY GRADE -



COMMUNITY STORY: TTF SCHOOL NUTRITION FUND

In the 2021 Vital Signs report, childhood food insecurity was identified as a significant issue in our community with 20.3% of children and youth (0-17 years of age) in the Timiskaming District experiencing food insecurity in 2016 (Statistics Canada). As a response to this issue, the Temiskaming Foundation launched the School Nutrition Fund. This endowment fund will continue to grow through donations and investment income and grant to nutrition programs at the 22 schools in the area each year, supplementing

existing funding sources, such as the province's School Nutrition Program administered by the Red Cross.

The vision of the Fund is to create a more equitable learning environment for all students by ensuring students' basic nutritional needs are being met, reducing stigma related to socio-economic status and food insecurities, and to provide these services in a way that maintains student's dignity. Research has shown that when children eat well, they do better in school, which helps set them up for success. Some examples of programs our local schools are providing to mitigate food insecurity include: a breakfast program offered 4 days/week with an additional Full Plate Initiative which provides healthy snacks for students who need them throughout the day at TDSS, a 5 day/week breakfast program at St. Patrick Catholic School, with healthy snacks provided from the Northern Fruit and Veggie Program, and "grab and go" style breakfast/snack and 2 hot breakfast options each week at Elk Lake Public School.

– Survey results —

49% of respondents said they were comfortable with their current financial situation.

59% of respondents said they **could afford nutritious food** for their family.

61% of respondents said they could afford more than the necessities for themselves (and their families).

LIFE SATISFACTION



91.0% of Timiskaming Residents (age 12+) are satisfied/very satisfied with their lives (Ontario: 92.7%).



79.5% of Timiskaming Residents (age 12+) feel a somewhat strong/strong sense of belonging to their local community (Ontario: 71.3%).

Source: Statistics Canada, 2021

FOOD BANK USE



In 2023, 667 households across the Timiskaming District relied on food banks for support. That is almost 5% of all households.



"Our coverage area is 15 townships including Englehart, Charlton, Thornloe and Tomstown. Our number of clients has risen by 43% since January 2024."

- Vic Roach, Englehart and Area Food Bank (January 2025)

LOW-INCOME

Interpretation Note: Measuring Low Income

There are several different ways to measure low income. The numbers below refer to the After-Tax Low Income Measure (LIM-AT).



In 2020, 15.1% of people in Timiskaming were living in low income. (Ontario: 10.1%, Canada: 11.1%)

Source: Statistics Canada, 2020

FOOD INSECURITY

WHAT IS FOOD INSECURITY?

Food insecurity is when people or families do not have enough money or resources to reliably access the variety or amount of food they need.

"In the last two years alone, the number of unique individuals accessing food banks has increased by 73%, nearly triple the jump seen in the two years after the 2008 recession. In 2023, more than 1 million people turned to a food bank for emergency food assistance in Ontario. This should ring alarm bells."

- Feed Ontario, Hunger Report 2024

To learn more about food insecurity in Timiskaming and how you can help, visit: timiskaminghu.com/444/food-insecurity

2000 200

18% OF CHILDREN IN TIMISKAMING LIVE WITH FOOD INSECURITY.

17.7% of children under 18 in Timiskaming are living in food insecure households (2019). Ontario: 15.3%. (Should be interpreted with caution due to small sample size)

1/5 HOUSEHOLDS IN TIMISKA-MING EXPERIENCE FOOD INSECURITY.





TIMISKAMING	20.4%
ONTARIO	19.7%

COST OF LIVING

2019, the cost was \$219.27/week).

20.4% of households are facing food insecurity (2021-2023)

Source: Public Health Ontario, 2024

CHILDREN IN LOW INCOME

In 2020, 14.9% of Timiskaming children and youth (ages 0-17) were living with low-income. (Ontario: 11.5%, Canada: 11.9%).



1/6 CHILDREN IN TIMISKAMING ARE LIVING WITH LOW-INCOME

Source: Statistics Canada, 2020

When compared to Ontario, Timiskaming has a higher percentage of overall residents and residents in each age group who live in low income.

- The Timiskaming Health Unit, Sociodemographic Report for the Timiskaming Health Unit Area, 2024

\$308/WEEK





% of household income

% of household income spent on rent:

% remaining to spend on other basic needs*:

spent on food:

COST OF HEALTHY FOOD IN TIMISKAMING (2024)

Cost of Living for a Family of 4 Renting a 3-Bedroom House with Different Income Scenarios

The Nutritious Food Basket (NFB) measures the local cost of healthy

eating. It is completed every year by Ontario public health units and

healthy food items. In 2024, the cost of food in Timiskaming (Health

Region) for a family of 4 was \$1,333.37/month, or \$307.70/week. (In

represents how much a family has to spend to buy a selection of

ON ONTARIO WORKS	FULL TIME MINIMUM WAGE WORKER	MEDIAN INCOME (AFTER TAX)
45%	36%	14%
56%	29%	17%
-1%	35%	69%

e.g. telephone, transportation, childcare, household and personal care supplies, clothing school supplies etc.

Source: Timiskaming Health Unit, 2024

SENIORS IN LOW INCOME

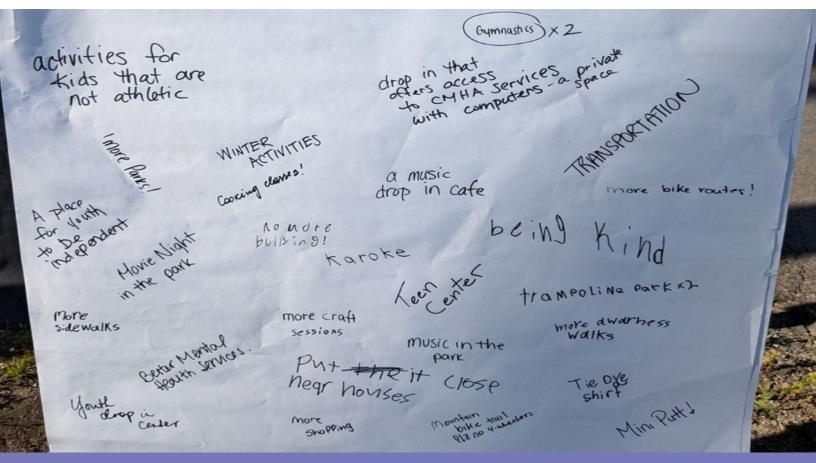
In 2021, 20.0% of Timiskaming seniors (ages 65+) were in low-income. This is higher than Ontario (12.1%) and Canada (15.0%).





Source: Statistics Canada, 2021

What would make your community an even better place for youth?



SCAN TO LEARN MORE

PLANET YOUTH TIMISKAMING



COMMUNITY STORY: PLANET YOUTH TIMISKAMING

Planet Youth Timiskaming (PYT) is a community-driven initiative to reduce alcohol and drug use among youth and improve their wellbeing. PYT focuses on identifying youth-related issues in real time with local data, then working together as a community to address them.

PYT began in Fall 2023 with a survey of all grade 10 and 11 students across the District. To respond to the survey findings, community members and local organizations have come together to form three Local Action Teams— one each

in the North, South, and Central regions of the District. Based on the data and engagement with youth and the wider community, the Local Action Teams are building a plan to strengthen protective factors for youth in the following three areas:

- 1. Strengthening youths' sense of belonging and connection to their community
- 2. Increasing the accessibility, availability, and diversity of leisure-time activities for youth
- 3. Raising awareness about the protective factors that support healthy youth development

Planet Youth is based on the principle that the whole community needs to be involved in order to support youths' positive development. To learn more or join the initiative, visit www.**TimiskamingYouth.ca**.

SURVEY RESPONDENTS •

5 high schools participated

83% of grade 10 and 11 students completed the survey

students told us about their lives growing up in the Timiskaming District

Statistics on the data page are findings from the 2023 Planet Youth Survey. The terms "teen" and "student" refer to the grade 10 and 11 students who completed the Survey.

SUBSTANCE USE

ALCOHOL

35% of teens tried alcohol at *age 13* or younger

41% of teens get alcohol from a family member

27% of teens have been *drunk* in the last 30 days

CANNABIS AND VAPING



of teens used cannabis within the

19% of teens use e-cigarettes (vape) daily

49% **OF TEENS** HAVE BEEN **DRUNK IN THEIR** LIFETIME

COMMUNITY



26% of teens think there are a great deal of activities for youth available in their community



47% of teens think it is good to live in their community



29% of teens want to continue to live in their community in the future

FAMILY AND LEISURE TIME



4% of students say it is easy to receive caring and warmth from their parents

of students often or always spend time with their parents on the weekend (56% on week days)

PARENTAL APPROVAL MATTERS

Teens who felt their parents disapproved of alcohol, cannabis, or vape were significantly less likely to use them.





56% of parents disapprove of drunkenness and 78% of parents disapprove of cannabis use

88% of parents know where their teenagers are in the evenings



of teens were outside after midnight once or more in the past week

of teens do not participate in any out-of-school activities



We are more mature than we get credit for Our mistakes

We aren't all lazy; We can work hard. If you don't know me, please don't lecture me

Please give us a say in the things that affect us. Growing up now is different. Try to understand it.

in the street or other public spaces.

WHAT IS SOMETHING YOU WISH ADULTS UNDERSTOOD ABOUT YOUTH?

Don't be so pushy. We need time to process.



Just because we are young, doesn't mean we We can don't have experience. communicate. You just need We have to try things learn what we want. to listen.

LET US BE OURSELVES.

WE ARE BETTER AT MAKING **DECISIONS THAN YOU THINK.** MAKE SO MANY EVERY DAY THAT YOU KNOW NOTHING ABOUT.

WELL-BEING

of teens rated their physical health as good or excellent (46% for girls, 58% for boys)



of teens rated their mental health as good or excellent (24% for girls, 43% for boys)

36%

of teens sleep on average 8 hours or more per night

SCHOOL

57%



57% of teens feel safe at school

49% of teens think the adults at school care about them



of teens think their school is 45% helping them acheive goals that matter to them

Only 1 in 4 teens think that the students at their school are nice to each other

COMMUNITY SURVEY

BEST THINGS



23%



12%



12%











Natural environment Friends and family

People that make up our community

Recreation opportunities

Sense of Community Volunteers

Local

Feeling of **Businesses** Safety

Libraries

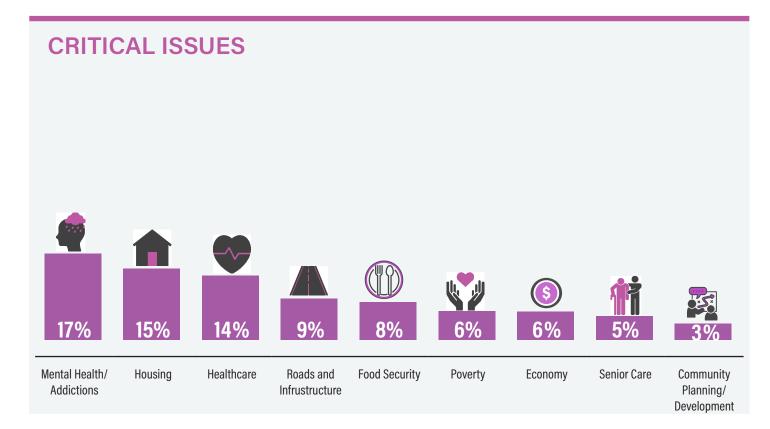
COMMENTS

- More support/ utilization of our local food producers farms, farmers, manufacturers, etc."
- The roads and infrastructure are less than ideal, but especially on highway 11 being the only route of travel. The maintenance overall is good, but there needs to be an expansion or at least a shoulder."
- I love the park and the lake, I love baseball and I love that all my friends and family are from this town."
- We are impressed by efforts to showcase the arts and culture and create opportunities for youth. Examples are the work of the local library holding special events for youth."

COMMENTS

- Housing is another major issue in the area. The houses available to buy are either too expensive or need too much money invested to make it livable. The apartments in the area are far and few and the average person can't afford [the ones available] on their own. How can we expect our youth to stay in area if houses are too expensive for the job market in the area?"
- Not enough activities or places for children/teenagers."
- More decent, affordable rental housing options not necessarily designated 'affordable', but incentives for granny suites, basement apts, shared living spaces. One-on-one advocacy for people living with mental health issues and in poverty."

In our Vital Signs® community survey, we asked respondents what they thought were the best things, and most critical issues in our community. Below are the top 9 responses for both questions based on the percentage of respondents who selected them. For full survey results, please visit www.temiskamingfoundation.ca/vitalsigns.



COMMENTS

- Addressing more effectively the interconnected issues of homelessness, crime, and community safety, and perhaps the need for 'on foot' police officers and crisis workers in the downtown area especially, even temporarily or as a pilot project."
- This is a beautiful place to live. However the lack of amenities for people with mobility issues has not been addressed whatsoever."
- Childcare needs to be more accessible and inclusive. I have a neurodivergent child and haven't been able to secure childcare. There are very few programs/ activities that are inclusive."
- Getting a compost set up for the town to prevent food waste."

NEXT STEPS

Below are the top 10 selections, based on the percentage of respondents who selected them, on how we can make our community **even better.**

- More doctors
- 2. More affordable housing options
- 3. More affordable cost of living
- 4. Improve access to healthcare
- 5. Improve senior care and support
- 6. More housing developments
- More investment/improve roads & infrastructure
- 8. Cooperation/coordination between townships/municipalities
- 9. More employment opportunities
- More support for local businesses/ entrepreneurs

APPENDIX

MEASURING LOW-INCOME.

Low Income Measure (LIM)

LIM considers low income as earning substantially below the median. It uses a formula to calculate a low-income threshold based on the national income distribution, with adjustments based on the size of the family. The LIM is further broken down into before-tax (LIM-BT) and after-tax (LIM-AT) measures. LIM-AT determines low-income status based on after-tax income. This accounts for the reduced amount of income available for house-hold spending from income taxes.

Table 1: After-Tax Low Income Thresholds (LIM-AT)

	2019	2020
1 person	\$24,654	\$26,503
2 persons	\$34,867	\$37,480
3 persons	\$42,702	\$45,904
4 persons	\$49,309	\$53,005
5 persons	\$55,129	\$59,261
6 persons	\$60,391	\$64,918
7 persons	\$65,229	\$70,119

SENIOR HOUSING: LICENSED LONG-TERM CARE AND RETIREMENT HOMES

The five licensed Long-Term Care (LTC) homes in Timiskaming are: Extendicare Kirkland Lake, Extendicare Tri-Town, Northview Nursing Home, Teck Pioneer Residence, Temiskaming Lodge. The retirement home in Timiskaming is: Northdale Manor.

The seniors-only housing in Timiskaming includes units from the Temiskaming Shores Seniors Housing Corp., New Liskeard Non-Profit Housing Corporation and Royal Canadian Legion Zone K1 Veterans Home.

KNOWN HOMELESSNESS VS. CHRONIC HOMLESSNESS

Known homelessness refers to people known to the homelessness-serving system through service provision or data collection and prioritization activities. This includes By-Name Lists (BNL) and Point-in-Time (PiT) count. Chronic homelessness refers to people who are currently experiencing homelessness and meet at least one of the following criteria: they have experienced homelessness for a total of at least six months over the past year, or they have recurrent experiences of homelessness over the past three years with a cumulative duration of at least 18 months.

Association of Municipalities of Ontario. (2025). Municipalities under pressure: the human and financial cost of Ontario's homelessness crisis.

THE TIMISKAMING HEALTH UNIT (THU) CATCHMENT AREA

The THU boundaries are not the same as the Timiskaming District. When compared to the District of Timiskaming, THU catchment also includes the municipality of Temagami and the following townships: Ben Nevis, Bisley, Clifford, Pontiac, Clement and Scholes. The THU catchment area does not include the following Timiskaming District townships: Childerhose, Douglas, Doyle, Fripp, Geikie, Hillary, McArthur, McKeown, Musgrove,

Pharand and Reynolds.

Source: THU (2014). Timiskaming health stats: geographic description of the Timiskaming Health Unit Area.

STATISTICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Some indicators will note that a result is "statistically significant". In very general terms, this means that the difference is unlikely to have happened because of chance. For example, the Canadian Community Health Survey found that 89% of Timiskaming seniors felt a strong sense of belonging, statistically higher than Ontario. This means that the difference between Timiskaming and Ontario is likely real, and not from chance (i.e., it's unlikely that Timiskaming seniors who responded just happened to feel a stronger sense of belonging). It doesn't suggest a specific cause or imply that a difference is particularly meaningful; just that the difference is unlikely to have happened randomly.

MEAN & MEDIAN

Mean and median both try to summarize a dataset to represent a "typical" case.

The mean is often known as the "average" value in a dataset. It is calculated by adding up all the data points and dividing it by the number of data points. However, the mean is easily affected by a few abnormally high or low values and does not always represent the "typical" case.

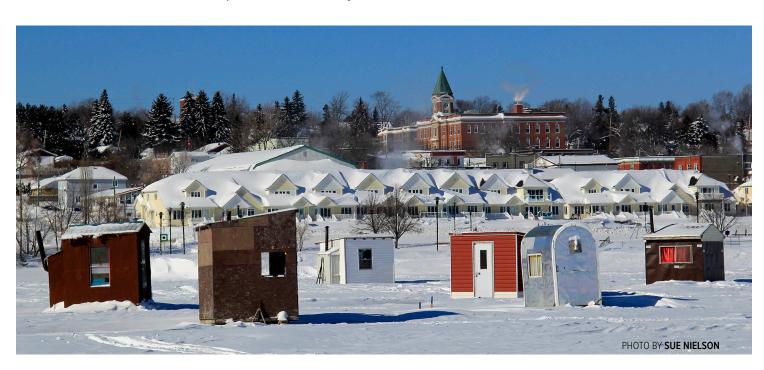
The median is the "middle" value in a dataset. If you split the dataset into two equal groups, the median is the point where half of the values are lower, and half of the values are higher. Compared to the mean, the median

is not easily influenced by a few abnormally high or low values.

AGE STANDARDIZED RATES

When comparing rates between two different geographical areas, using the age-standardized rate is usually the most representative. This is particularly important when the characteristic being observed varies by age. The age standardized rate considers the differences in the age structure of the populations being compared. In the calculation of the age-standardized rate, mathematical adjustments are made to make both populations have the same age structure which creates a more representative comparison.

Source: Statistics Canada (2023). Behind the data: Age-standardized rates.



REFERENCES

A VILLAGE OF 100

Statistics Canada. (2021). Census Profile. 2021 Census of Population. [Data set]. Released November 15, 2023.

HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

Community Story:

Timiskaming Drug and Alcohol Strategy. (2022). Community Consultation Results. https://www.timiskaminghu.com/websites/timiskaminghu.com/files/CDP-Injury/Alcohol-Drugs/TDAS_Consultation_Results_Infographic.pdf

Timiskaming Drug and Alcohol Strategy. (2024).
Report to the Community. https://tdas.ca/wp-content/uploads/2024/05/TDAS_Report_to_the_Community_EN_Final.pdf

Community Highlight:

Mino M'shkiki Indigenous Health Team. (n.d). About us. https://minomshkiki.ca/

Overall Physical/Mental Health/ Access to a Healthcare Provider:

Statistics Canada. (2022). Table 13-10-0113-01. Health Characteristics, two-year period estimates [Data set].

Screen Time:

Planet Youth Timiskaming. (2024). Survey Findings. https://timiskamingyouth.ca/survey-findings/

Emergency Department Visit Rates:

Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, IntelliHEALTH Ontario. (2021) .Ambulatory Visits. Extracted July 2024. Population Estimates County 2021), Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, IntelliHealth, Ontario. Extracted July 2024.

Mental Health and Addictions:

Ontario Provincial Police, Kirkland Lake Detachment. (2021). Progress report. Accessed Nov 2024.

Ontario Provincial Police. Temiskaming Detachment. (2021). Progress report. Accessed Nov 2024.

Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, IntelliHEALTH Ontario. (2021). Ambulatory visits. Extracted December 2024.

Public Health Ontario. (n.d). [Interactive Opioid Tool: Opioid-related morbidity and mortality in Ontario]. Retrieved November 2024. from https://odprn.ca/ontario-opioid-indicator-tool/harm-reduction/.

Timiskaming Health Unit. (2023). Opioid Surveillance Summary, October 2023. https://www.timiskaminghu.com/websites/timiskaminghu.com/files/Reports/Opioid-Related%20 Harms%20-%20Status%20Report%20(202310). pdf

K. Peters, Public Health Promoter, Timiskaming Health Unit. (2024, November 25)[Personal communication].

Ontario Drug Policy Research Network. (n.d) [Ontario Opioid Indicator Tool]. Retrieved January 2025 from: https://odprn.ca/ontario-opioid-indicator-tool/

COMMUNITY SAFETY

Community Story:

District of Timiskaming Social Services Administration Board. (n.d.). Community paramedicine program. https://www.dtssab.com/community-paramedicine. Accessed November 2024.

Victim Services:

M. Chartrand, Victim Services of Temiskaming & District. (2024, November 25)[Personal communication].

GBV and/or IPV Epidemic:

Building a Bigger Wave, Provincial Network for Violence Against Women coordinating Committees. The Epidemic of GBV-IPV. https://www.building-abiggerwave.org/actions/gbv-epidemic#scroll. Accessed February 13, 2025.

OPP Frontline Time Allotment:

Ontario Provincial Police, Kirkland Lake Detachment. (2021). Progress report. Retrieved November 2024.

Ontario Provincial Police, Temiskaming Detachment. (2021). Progress report. Retrieved November 2024.

Timiskaming EMS:

Michelle Sowinski, District of Timiskaming Social Services Administration Board. (2024, November 14) [Personal communication].

ROAD SAFETY

Community Highlight:

Dunstan, W., De Castro Rocha, B. & Lefebre, M. (2023). Northern Policy Institute. Closing the gap: how 2+1 roads can save time, lives, and taxpayer dollars. https://www.northernpolicy.ca/upload/documents/publications/reports-new/closing-the-gap.ndf

Ross, I. (2023). Northern Ontario Business. (AECOM lands contract to design 2+1 highway pilot in Northeastern Ontario. https://www.northernontariobusiness.com/industry-news/transportation/aecom-lands-contract-to-design-21-highway-pilot-in-northeastern-ontario-7283344

Motor Vehicle Collisions:

Ontario Ministry of Transportation. (2021). Ontario Road Safety Annual Report. P.60, Table 4.1. https://www.ontario.ca/files/2024-07/mto-orsar2021-en.pdf

Injuries from Vehicle Collisions:

Public Health Ontario. (2022). Snapshot: Emergency department visits for injuries due to motor vehicle collisions. [Data set]. https://www.publichealthontario.ca/en/Data-and-Analysis/Injuries-Data/Injury-FR-Vicite

Public Health Ontario. (2022). Snapshot: Emergency department visits for injuries due to motor vehicle collisions involving all-terrain vehicles or snowmobiles. [Data set] https://www.publichealthontario. ca/en/Data-and-Analysis/Injuries-Data/Injury-ER-Visits

Primary Cause of Collisions:

Ontario Provincial Police, Kirkland Lake Detachment. (2021). Progress report. Retreived November, 2024.

Ontario Provincial Police. Temiskaming Detachment. (2021). Progress report. Retrieved November, 2024.

HOUSING

Community Story:

Keepers of the Circle. (2024). Indigenous Women-Led Modular Factory. https://keepersofthecircle.com/ modular-factory

Proctor, D. (September 12, 2024). Indigenous women take the lead on Kirkland Lake prefabricated housing factory project. Daily Commercial News. https://canada.constructconnect.com/dcn/news/infrastructure/2024/09/indigenous-women-take-the-lead-on-kirkland-lake-prefabricated-housing-factory-project

Community Highlight:

The Salvation Army. (2022). Men's Transitional Housing Program Officially Opens in Kirkland Lake. https://salvationarmy.ca/ontario/2022/10/mens-transitional-housing-program-officially-opens-in-kirkland-lake/

Core Housing Need:

Statistics Canada. (2022). Core housing need by tenure including presence of mortgage payments and subsidized housing: Canada, provinces and territories, census divisions and census subdivisions. (2021 Census). Table 98-10-0247-01 [Data set].

Statistics Canada (2023). Housing indicators by tenure including presence of mortgage payments and subsidized housing and household size off reserve: Canada, provinces and territories, census divisions and census subdivisions. Table: 98-10-0245-01. [Data Set]

Statistics Canada (2023). Housing indicators by tenure: Canada, provinces and territories, census divisions and census subdivisions. (2021 Census). Table 98-10-0259-01 [Data Set].

Affordability for Renters and Owners:

Statistics Canada. (2022). Shelter-cost-to-income ratio by tenure including presence of mortgage payments and subsidized housing: Canada, provinces and territories, census divisions and census subdivision. (2021 Census). Table 98-10-0255-01 [Data Set]

Homelessness

Association of Municipalities Ontario (2024). Municipalities under pressure:the human and financial cost of Ontario's homelessness crisis.https://www.nosda.net/images/NOSDA-Board-/Links/ending_chronic_homelessness_ontario_final_reduced.pdf

Senior Housing:

Statistics Canada. (2022). Age (in single years), average age and median age and gender: Canada, Provinces and Territories, Census divisions and census subdivisions. (2021 census). Table: 98-10-0022-01 [Data Set].

Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care. (n.d.). Reports on Long-Term Care Homes. Retrieved December, 2024, from http://publicreporting.lt-chomes.net/en-ca/Search_Selection.aspx?Lat=47.57 31921&Long=-79.652545&Distance=100

Temiskaming Shores Seniors' Housing Corporation. (2022). Frequently Asked Questions. https://dymond-court.ca/faqs.htm

Health Quality Ontario. (2024 (2024)). Long-Term Care Home Wait Times in Ontario [Data set]. Client Profile Database, provided by the Ministry of Health and Long-term Care.https://www.hqontario.ca/SystemRenters Vs Owners:

Statistics Canada. (2022). Housing indicators by tenure including presence of mortgage payments and subsidized housing and household type including census family structure off reserve: Canada, provinces and territories, census divisions and census subdivisions. Table 98-10-0243-01 [Data Set].

Home Constructions:

Rural Housing Information System (2024. District of Timiskaming: housing supply. https://www.ruralon-tariohousing.com/en-CA/Reports/HousingSupply/District_Of_Timiskaming

STANDARD OF LIVING

Community Story:

The Temiskaming Foundation. (May, 2024). Introducing the new School Nutrition Fund. https://www.temiskamingfoundation.ca/funds/school-nutrition-fund

Life Satisfaction:

Statistics Canada. (2022). Table 13-10-0113-01. Health Characteristics, two-year period estimates [Data set].

Food Bank Use:

Englehart & Area Food Bank; Cobalt, Coleman & Latchford Food Bank; Haileybury Food Bank; Salvation Army New Liskeard Food Bank; Salvation Army Kirkland Lake Food Bank. [Personal Communication]

Food Insecurity:

Public Health Ontario. (2024.) Household food insecurity (3 year rolling average for 2021-2023). [Data set] https://www.publichealthontario.ca/en/Data-and-Analysis/Health-Equity/Household-Food-Insecurity

Public Health Ontario. (2024). Food insecurity among children using data from the Canadian health survey of children and youth. 4th edition. https://www.publichealthontario.ca/-/media/Documents/C/2023/food-insecurity-children-youth-canada-survey.pdf?rev=2847c19eb-ba644f5b55467d1bfa5ac82&sc_lang=en

Feed Ontario. (2024). Hunger report 2024. https://feedontario.ca/wp-content/uploads/2024/11/FEED_Ontario HungerReport24.pdf

Cost of Living:

C. Benea, Public Health Dietitian. Timiskaming Health Unit. (2024, November 28) [Personal communication].

Low Income:

Statistics Canada. (2022). Table 98-10-0103-01. Low-income status by age and gender: Canada, Provinces and territories, census divisions and census subdivisions [Data Set].

The Timiskaming Health Unit. (2024). Sociodemographic report for the Timiskaming Health Unit area. https://www.timiskaminghu.com/websites/timiskaminghu.com/files/Reports/Sociodemographic%20Profile.pdf

PLANET YOUTH

E. Aelterman, Public Health Promoter, Planet Youth Lead. (December 3, 2024) [Personal communication].

Planet Youth Timiskaming (2024). Survey Findings. https://timiskamingyouth.ca/survey-findings/





705-647-1055



ttf@temiskamingfoundation.ca



61 Whitewood Ave, Box 1084 New Liskeard ON P0J 1P0



https://temiskamingfoundation.ca